

Ques:- A vessel laden with grain in bulk of SF $1.2 \text{ m}^3/\text{t}$ has a $W = 88000 \text{ t}$, her K_G , calculated assuming the CG's of the cargoes in the filled compartment to be at the volumetric centroid of those compartment = 10.30 m , $FSM = 2650 \text{ tm}$, $KM = 13.0$, the VHM of the filled hold is 5800 m^4 and that of partly filled hold is 14500 m^4 , the angle of flooding is 38° ,
The K_N values for that W are as follows:- (see in solution)

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Practice
Sum ①

Ascertain whether she satisfies the stability criteria for vessel's laden with grain in bulk.

$$K_G : 10.30 \text{ m}$$

$$FSC : 0.030 \text{ m} \quad (FSM/W = 2650/88000 = 0.030)$$

$$\text{Corrected } K_G : 10.330 \text{ m}$$

$$KM : 13.000 \text{ m}$$

$$G_M (\text{Fluid}) : 2.670 \text{ m}$$

Heel	12	15	30	40	45
K_N	2.75	3.45	6.86	8.59	9.30

$$GZ = K_N - \text{corrected } K_G \sin \theta \quad (\theta = \text{Angle of heel})$$

corr. $K_G \sin \theta$	2.148	2.674	5.165	6.640	7.304
GZ	0.602	0.776	1.695	1.950	1.996

PLOT THE GZ CURVE (i.e. righting arm curve)

$\lambda_0 =$ VHM of filled compartment : $5800 \text{ m}^4 \times 1 = 5800 \text{ m}^4$
 VHM of partly filled compartment : $14500 \text{ m}^4 \times 1.12 = 16240 \text{ m}^4$
 Total VHM = 22040 m^4

(If given K_G of compartment then doesn't matter trimmed or untrimmed & so, no correction is required. correction factor to be taken as 1)

$$\lambda_0 = \frac{\text{assumed volumetric heeling moment}}{\text{SF} \times \text{displacement}}$$

$$\lambda_0 = \frac{22040}{1.2 \times 88000} = 0.209 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda_{40} = \lambda_0 \times 0.8 \Rightarrow \lambda_{40} = 0.8 \times 0.209 = 0.167 \text{ m}$$

PLOT λ_0 & λ_{40} (i.e. grain heeling arm curve)

① Angle of heel due to shift of grain shall not be greater than 12° or angle at which the deck edge is immersed, whichever is lesser.

$$\text{Angle of heel due to shift of grain} = 4.5^\circ \quad (\text{From } GZ \text{ curve})$$

i.e. less than 12° : COMPLIED

② The residual area between the heeling arm curve and the righting arm curve, up to the angle of heel of:- maximum difference between the ordinates of the two curve or 40° or angle of flooding, whichever is lesser shall be not less than 0.075 metre radian.

Angle of flooding = 38° (Given in ques) (less than 40° , so we make ordinates at 38°)

$$\text{So, } h = \frac{l}{n-1} \Rightarrow \frac{38}{5-1} = 9.5$$

Heel	GZ	SM	POA
0	0	1	0
9.5	0.5	4	2
19	1.08	2	2.16
28.5	1.59	4	6.36
38	1.92	1	1.92

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\text{SOP} \times h}{3} = \frac{12.44 \times 9.5}{3 \times 57.3} = 0.687 \text{ meter radian}$$

$\text{SOPA} = 12.44$

$$\text{Area of } \Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h = \frac{1}{2} \times 4.5 \times 0.21 \times \frac{1}{57.3} = 0.008 \text{ meter radian}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of trapezium} &= \frac{1}{2} (A_{\text{heel}} + A_{38}) \times (38 - \text{heel}) \times \frac{1}{57.3} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times (0.21 + 0.14) \times (38 - 4.5) \times \frac{1}{57.3} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.35 \times 33.5 \times \frac{1}{57.3} = 0.102 \text{ metre radian} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Residual area} &= \text{Total area} - \text{Area under grain heeling arm curve} \\ &= 0.687 - (0.008 + 0.102) \\ &= 0.577 \text{ metre radian} \end{aligned}$$

i.e. not less than 0.075 metre radian : COMPLIED

③ The initial GM after correction for FSC, shall be not less than 0.30 metre
Initial GM(F) = 2.670 meter

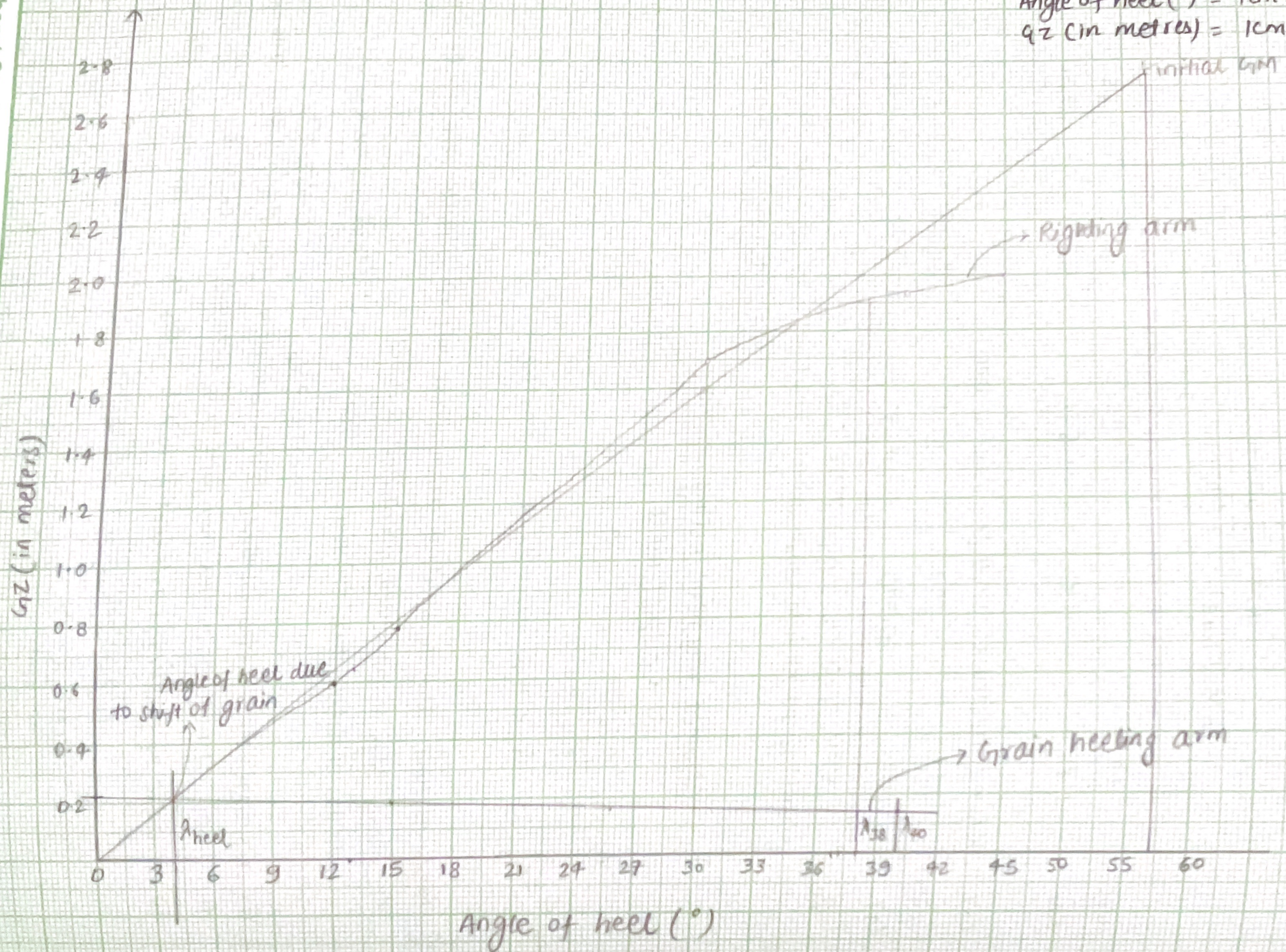
i.e. not less than 0.30 meter : COMPLIED

④ After loading, the master shall ensure that the ship is upright before proceeding to sea

GZ value at 0° heel = 0°

That means vessel is upright : COMPLIED

SCALE:
 Angle of heel ($^{\circ}$) = 1cm : 3°
 GZ (in metres) = 1cm = 0.2 meter



APRIL 2024
PAPER 2

KG : 7.827m
FSC : $(H) 0.150 \text{ m}$ $(FSM/W = 2625/17500)^\#$
Corrected KG : 7.977m
KM : 8.288m
GM(A) : 0.311m

} Just to verify from curve

17116 8.270 0.022
17598 8.292 482
= 0.018

Against $W = 17,500t$,

Angle of Heel($^\circ$)	0	5	10	12	15	20	25	30	40 $^\circ$
KN(in metres)	0	0.755	1.505	1.799	2.236	2.984	3.660	4.345	5.580
Corrected KG $\cdot \sin \theta$	0	0.695	1.385	1.659	2.065	2.728	3.371	3.989	5.128
GZ	0	0.060	0.120	0.140	0.171	0.256	0.289	0.356	0.452

PLOT THE GZ CURVE (i.e. righting arm curve)

COMPARTMENT	TRANSVERSE VHM	CORRECTION FACTOR	CORRECTED VHM
NO.1 HOLD	372 m 4	1	372
NO.2 HOLD	702 m 4	1	702
NO.3 HOLD	580 m 4	1	580
NO.4 HOLD	472 m 4	1	472
NO.5 HOLD	160 m 4	1	160
NO.1 TDK	282 m 4	1	282
NO.2 TDK	301 m 4	1.12	337.12
NO.3 TDK	280 m 4	1	280
NO.4 TDK	242 m 4	1	242
NO.5 TDK	370 m 4	1.12	414.4

TOTAL VHM : 3841.52 m 4

$$\lambda_0 = \frac{\text{Total VHM}}{\text{SFX displacement}} = \frac{3841}{1.81 \times 17500} = 0.121 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda_{40} = 0.8 \times \lambda_0 = 0.8 \times 0.121 = 0.097 \text{ m}$$

PLOT λ_0 & λ_{40} (i.e. grain heeling arm curve)

① Angle of heel due to shift of grain shall not be greater than 12 $^\circ$ or angle at which the deck edge is immersed, whichever is lesser.

Deck edge immersion : 18.9 $^\circ$

Angle of heel due to shift of grain = 9' (From GZ curve)

↓ Teacher's Signature
i.e. less than 12 $^\circ$: COMPLIED

- ② The residual area between the heeling arm curve and the righting arm curve, upto the angle of heel of : maximum difference between the ordinates of the two curve or 40° or angle of flooding, whichever is lesser shall be not less than 0.075 metre radian.

Angle of flooding = 43° (Given in ques) (more than 40°, so we make ordinates at 40)

$$\text{So, } h = \frac{l}{n-1} = \frac{40}{5-1} = 10$$

Heel	GZ	SM	POA
0	0	1	0
10	0.120	4	0.480
20	0.256	2	0.512
30	0.356	4	1.424
40	0.452	1	0.452

SOPA: 2.868

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\text{SOPA} \times h}{3} = \frac{2.868 \times 10}{3 \times 57.3} = 0.167 \text{ meter radian}$$

$$\text{Area of } \Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h \times \frac{1}{57.3} = \frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 0.121 \times \frac{1}{57.3} = 0.009 \text{ meter radian}$$

$$\text{Area of trapezium} = \frac{1}{2} (\lambda_{\text{heel}} + \lambda_{40}) \times (40 - \text{heel}) \times \frac{1}{57.3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times (0.115 + 0.097) \times (40 - 9) \times \frac{1}{57.3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.212 \times 31 \times \frac{1}{57.3} = 0.057 \text{ meter radian}$$

$$\text{Residual area} = \text{Total area} - \text{Area under grain heeling arm curve}$$

$$= 0.167 - (0.009 + 0.057) = 0.101 \text{ meter radian}$$

i.e. not less than 0.075 meter radian : COMPLIED,,

- ③ The initial GM after correction for FSC, shall be not less than 0.30 meter

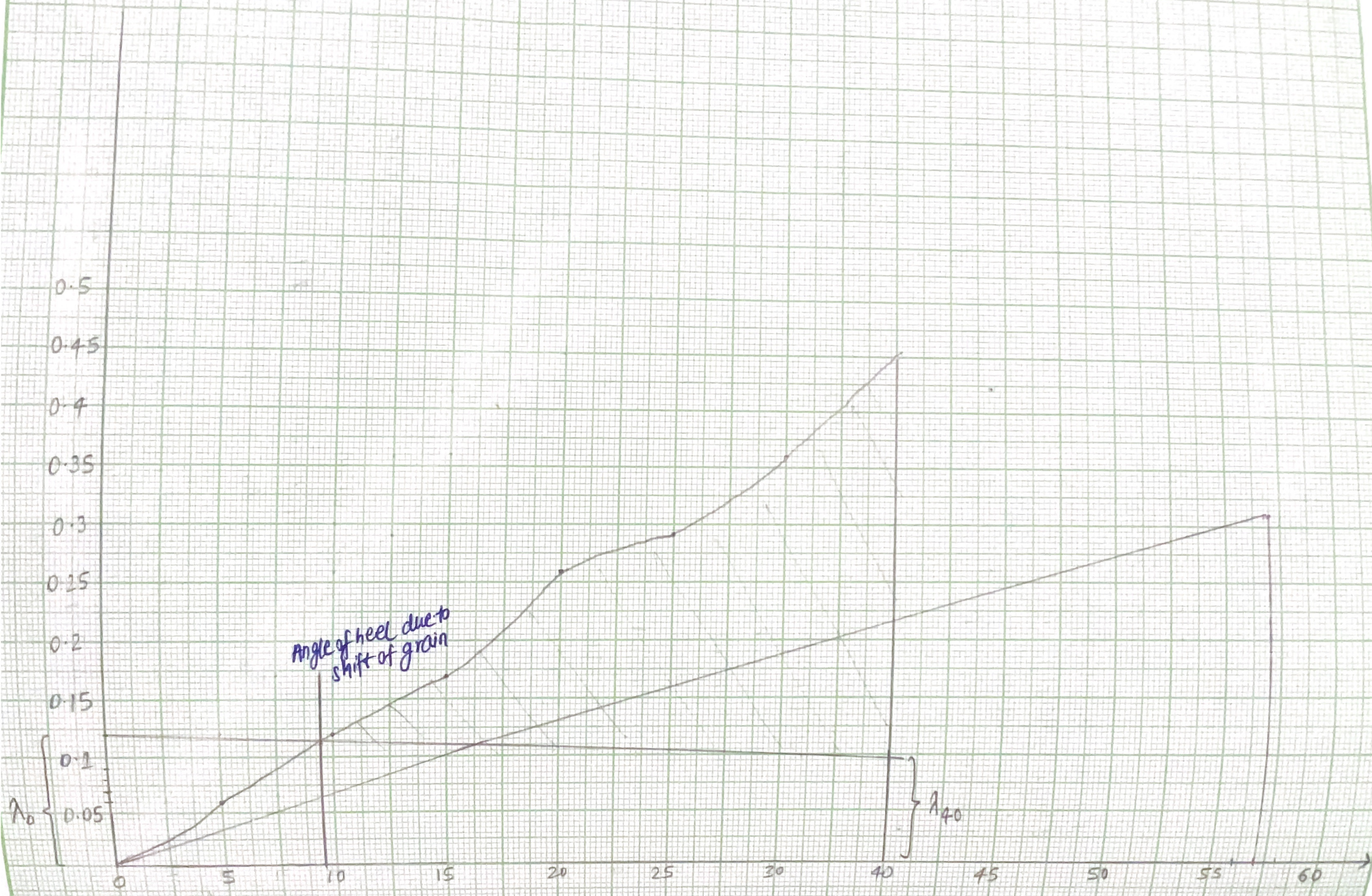
$$\text{Initial GM (F)} = 0.310 \text{ meter}$$

i.e. not less than 0.30 meter : COMPLIED,,

- ④ After loading the master shall ensure that the ship is upright before proceeding to sea.

$$GZ \text{ value at } 0^\circ \text{ heel} = 0$$

That means, vessel is upright : COMPLIED,,



OCT 2023
AM

GM(F) : 0.90 m , W : 13674 t

Angle of heel GZ	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
	0	0.09	0.21	0.35	0.45	0.51	0.55	0.58	0.59	0.58	0.55

PLOT THE GZ CURVE (i.e. Righting arm curve)

	COMPARTMENT	TRANSVERSE VHM	CORRECTION FACTOR	CORRECTED VHM
	NO. 1 HOLD	774 m ⁴	1	774
	NO. 2 HOLD	929 m ⁴	1	929
	NO. 3 HOLD	995 m ⁴	1	995
	NO. 4 HOLD	1022 m ⁴	1	1022
FULL-KG OF CARGO IS USED PARTLY FILLED	NO. 1 TD	608 m ⁴	1.06	644.48
	NO. 2 TD	601 m ⁴	1.12	673.12
	NO. 3 TD	407 m ⁴	1.06	431.42

Given in Ques:- 1) For lower hold, KG of compartment is used Total VHM = 5469.02 m⁴
 2) For tween deck, KG of cargo is used | 2 TD is partially full

$$\lambda_0 = \frac{\text{Total VHM}}{\text{SFX displacement}} = \frac{5469.02}{1.60 \times 13674} = 0.250 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda_{40} = 0.8 \times \lambda_0 = 0.8 \times 0.250 = 0.200 \text{ m}$$

PLOT λ_0 & λ_{40} (i.e. grain heeling arm curve)

① Angle of heel due to shift of grain shall not be greater than 12° or angle at which the deck edge is immersed, whichever is lesser

Angle of heel due to shift to grain = 11° (From GZ curve)

↓
i.e. less than 12° : COMPLIED //

② The residual area between the heeling arm curve and the righting arm curve, upto the angle of heel of : maximum difference between the ordinates of the two curve or 40° or angle of flooding, whichever is lesser shall be not less than 0.075 meter radian

$$\text{So, } h = \frac{1}{7-1} = \frac{40}{5-1} = 10$$

Heel	GZ	SM	POA
0	0	1	0
10	0.21	4	0.84
20	0.45	2	0.90
30	0.55	4	2.20
40	0.59	1	0.59

SOPA : 4.53

$$\text{Total area} = \frac{\text{SOPA} \times h}{3} = \frac{4.53 \times 10}{3 \times 57.3} = 0.264 \text{ meter radian}$$

$$\text{Area of } \Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h \times \frac{1}{57.3} = \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \times 0.250 \times \frac{1}{57.3} = 0.024 \text{ meter radian}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Trapezium} &= \frac{1}{2} (A_{\text{heel}} + A_{40}) \times (40 - \text{heel}) \times \frac{1}{57.3} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (0.24 + 0.20) \times (40 - 11) \times \frac{1}{57.3} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.44 \times 29 \times \frac{1}{57.3} = 0.111 \text{ meter radian.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Residual area} &= \text{Total area} - \text{Area under grain heeling arm curve} \\ &= 0.264 - (0.024 + 0.111) \\ &= 0.129 \text{ meter} \\ &\quad \downarrow \\ &\quad \text{i.e. not less than 0.075 meter radian : COMPLIED} \end{aligned}$$

③ The initial GM after correction of FSC, shall not be less than 0.30 meter.
Initial GM(F) : 0.880 m
 $\downarrow$
i.e. not less than 0.30 meter : COMPLIED

④ After loading, the master shall ensure that the ship is upright before proceeding to sea.

GZ value at 0° heel = 0

That means, vessel is upright : COMPLIED

